

T2.Using the BlueLab IoT System

IARIA - ICONS 2020 – Lisboa, Portugal

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NexComm 2020 - 23-27 February 2020

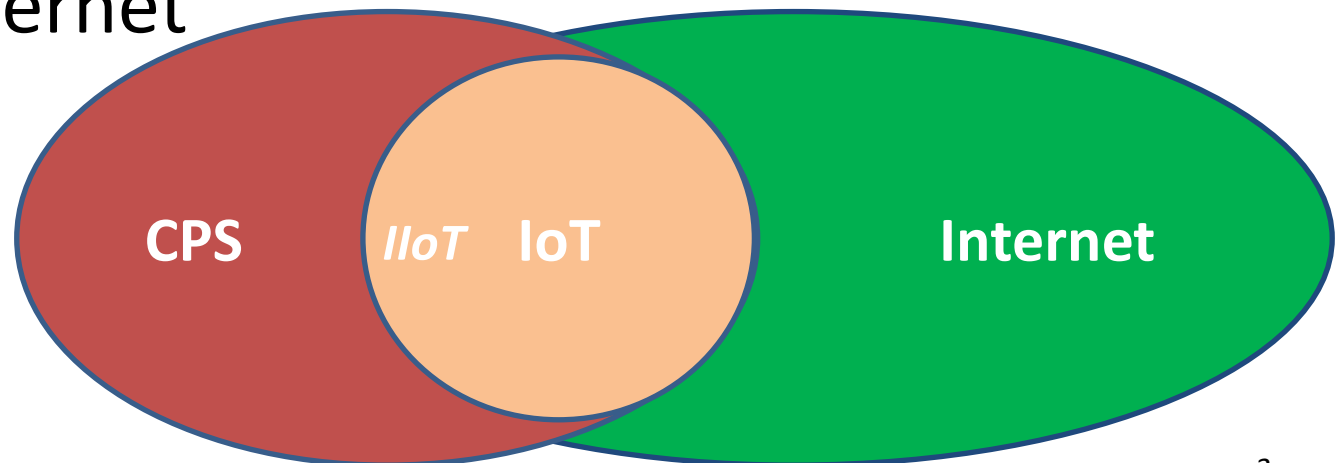
- IoT / CPS
- Other Systems
 - AskSensors
 - uBeac
 - Temboo – Kosmos
 - Thinger
- BlueLab IoT System
 - Demonstration
 - Android smartphone
 - Physical stations – ESP8266, ESP32

IoT - CPS

- IoT – Internet of Things (*Popular term*)
- CPS – Cyber Physical Systems (*Academic*)

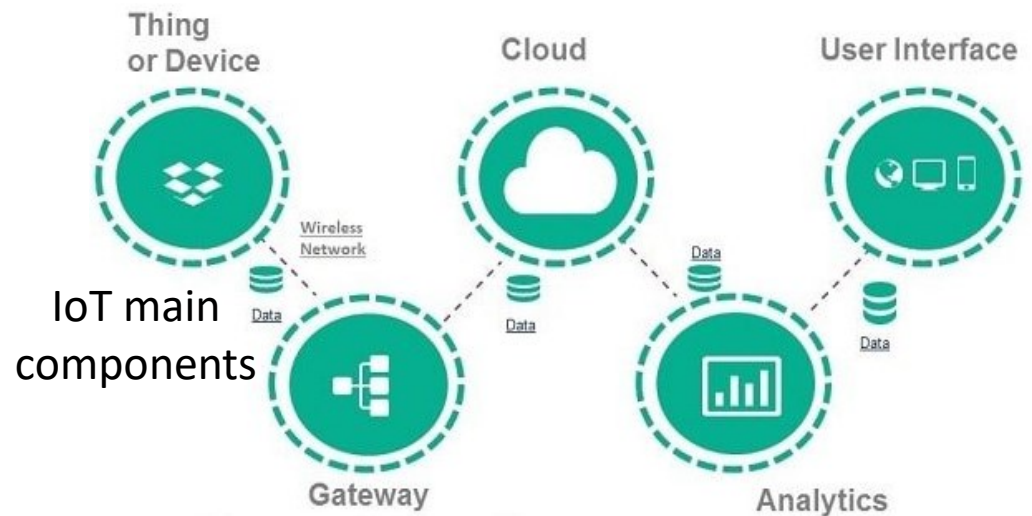
IoT – needs Internet

CPS – uses communications but not necessarily the Internet

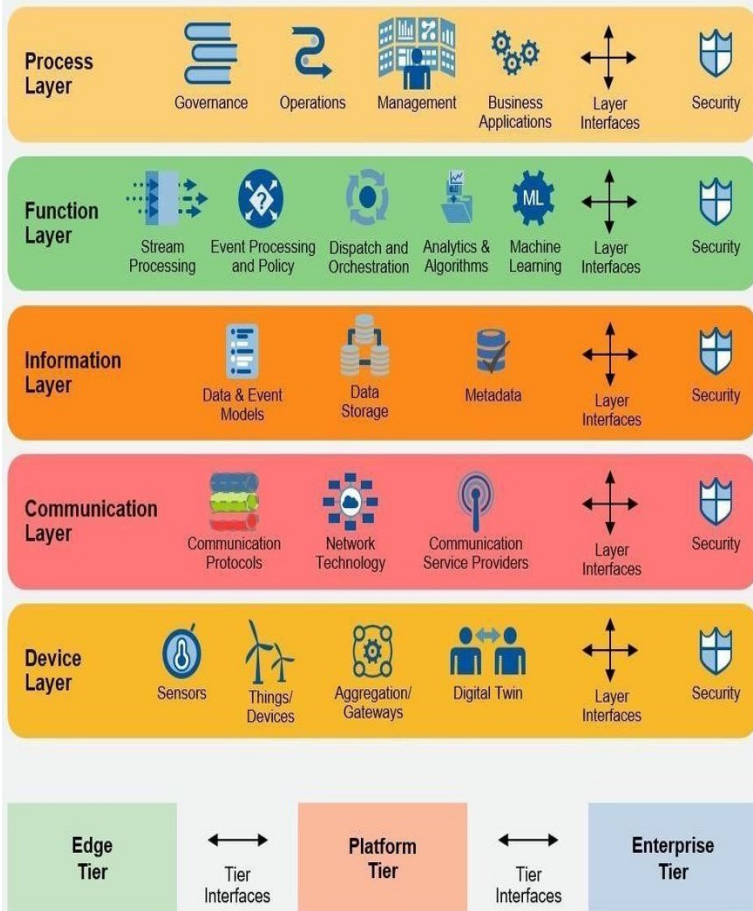


IIoT – Industrial IoT

Models

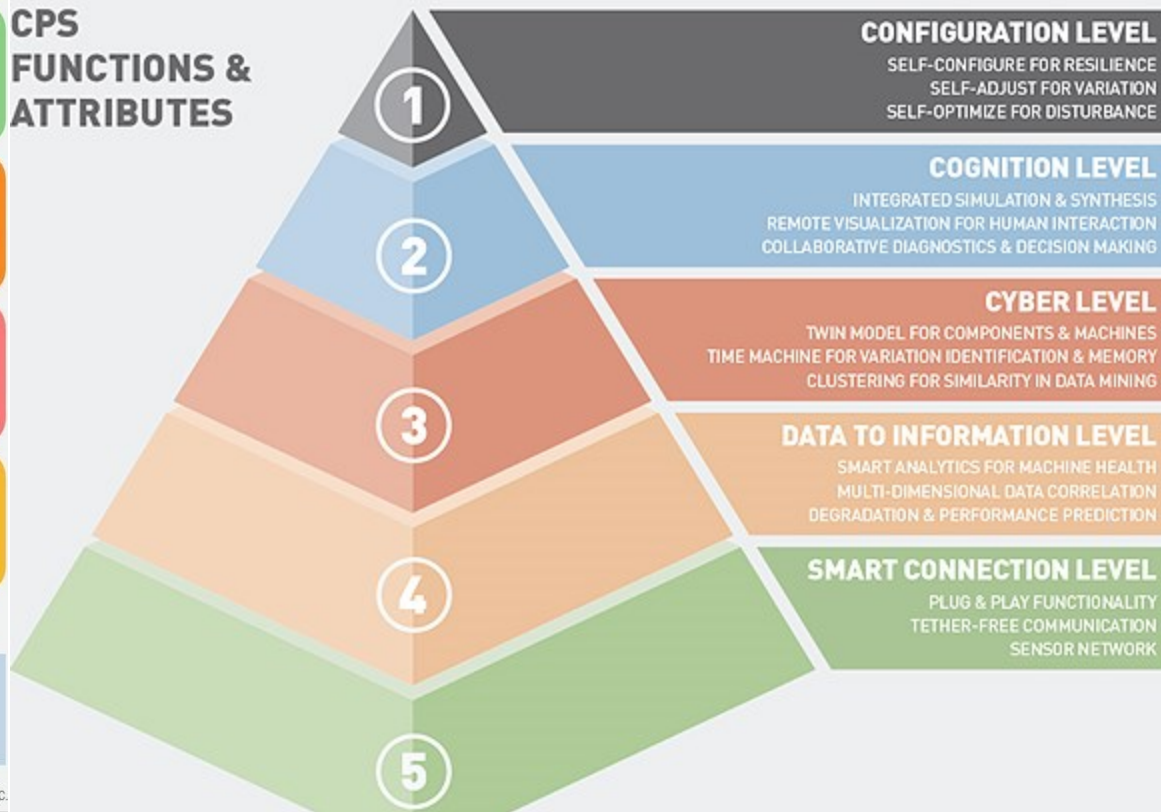


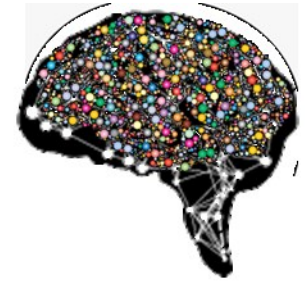
Gartner IoT Reference Model



THE 5C ARCHITECTURE FOR CYBER-PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

CPS FUNCTIONS & ATTRIBUTES





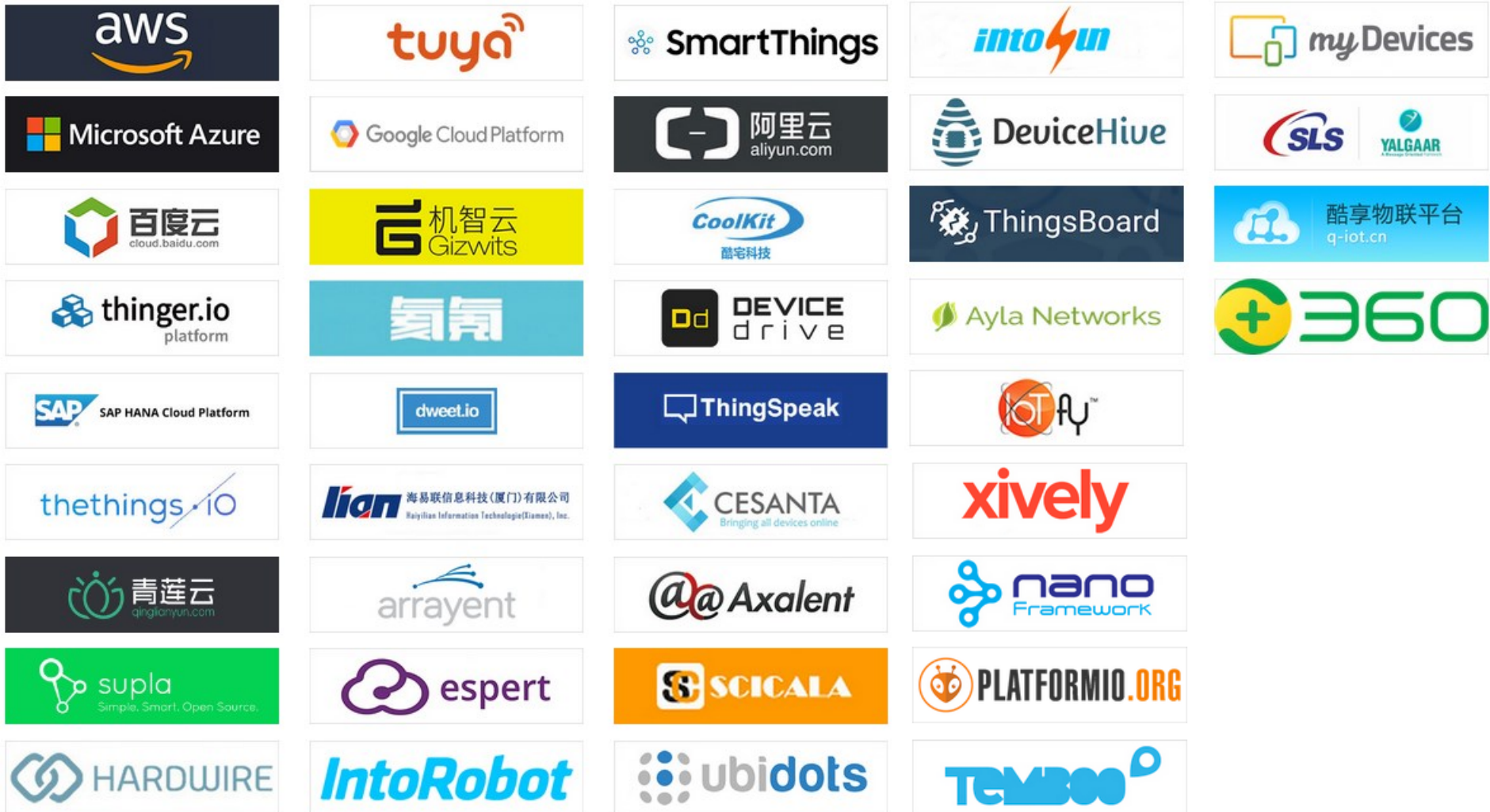
Reality – Sensing – Remembering



Recalling - Acting

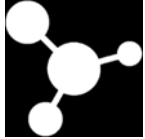
Tools and Methods Changed

Platforms that support Expressif chips



<https://www.espressif.com/en/ecosystem/cloud-platform>

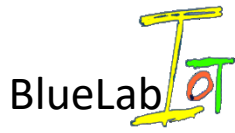
Compare Systems

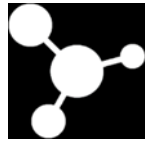


AskSensors



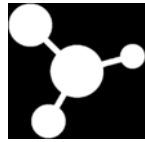
Kosmos





AskSensors

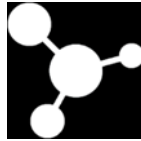
- Register by e-mail
- Create Sensor and Modules
- Each Sensor has an API key ex:
FALOAPPKH17ZR4Q23A8U9W0XPJLOF6OG
- Alarm – min-max value and time interval (E-mail)
- Displays module values (several graphic types) auto-refreshed
- Exports CSV data



AskSensors

- Actuators (*each has a API Key out*)
- An actuator may have modules
- Dashboard
- 15-90 day free trial, 2-60 devices (sensor/actuator)
- Protocol - *Http/Https & Mqtt API*
- *JSON data*
- Several plans (*unlimited data storage @ 30 month data retention*)

AskSensors



```
connecting to HOST : api.asksensors.com
requesting URL: /write/RS6EZYqRDlo71vn73zPWjE0bgz3vR4gc?module=26
> Request sent to ASKSENSORS
ASKSENSORS replay:
1
closing connection
requesting URL: /read/gaHIGUwyfuc3N8ZyhxBAZOd4xvR3fjSE?module=module1&maxResults=1
HTTP/1.1 200 OK

connecting to HOST : api.asksensors.com
requesting URL: /write/RS6EZYqRDlo71vn73zPWjE0bgz3vR4gc?module=10
> Request sent to ASKSENSORS
ASKSENSORS replay:
1
closing connection
requesting URL: /read/gaHIGUwyfuc3N8ZyhxBAZOd4xvR3fjSE?module=module1&maxResults=1
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```



AskSensors Alert

Hi victorix

The data read on your sensor has exceeded the alert threshold:

Sensor : humi
Module : Module 1
minThreshold : 40
maxThreshold : 60
Value : 70
Date : 12 Feb 2020 23:09:38 UTC

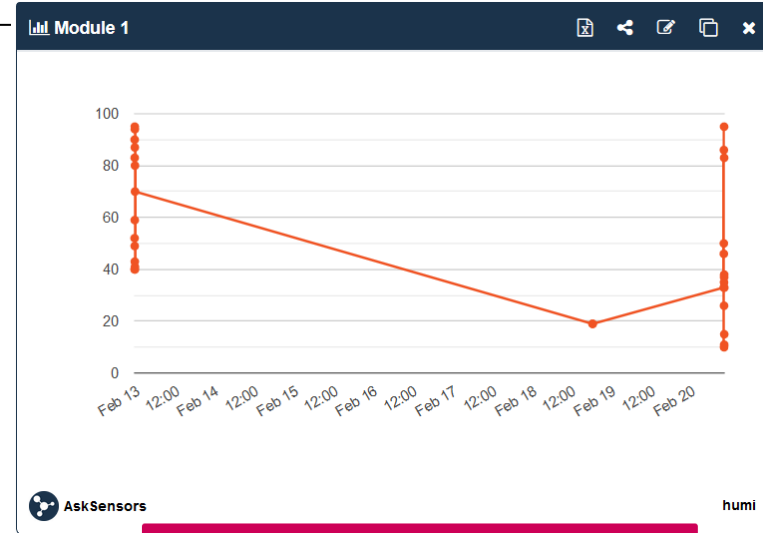
You receive this email because you have enabled an AskSensor email Alert.
Login to your AskSensors [account](#)

Thanks for trying AskSensors!

All the best,

The AskSensors team

This email was sent to vsilva@deetc.isel.ipl.pt by AskSensors.



Module 1

Slide

0 80 100

0 25 50 75 100

SEND COMMAND

Unit : Uuu

Updated : 20 Feb 2020 09:18:26 GMT

- Register by e-mail
- Teams, Buildings, Floor
- Create Device, Sensor
- Create Gateway – several types
- Create an EndPoint
- Protocols HTTP(s) MQTT(s)

- Vitor Silva
- Dashboards
- Buildings
- Gateways
- Devices
- Reports
- Documentation

Vitor Silva

[Settings](#)

1 BUILDINGS	1 GATEWAYS
1 DEVICES	1 SENSORS

Namespace: victorix

Description: Testing
Address: Lisboa Lisboa Lisboa Portugal
Created 7 days ago
Updated 7 days ago

Members

vsilva@deetc.isel.ipl.pt (Admin)

Sensors

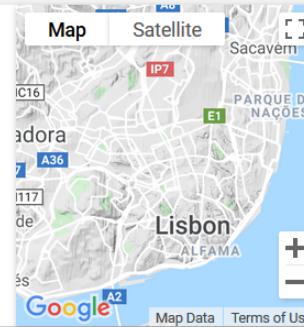
Temperature (1)

House

Address: Lisboa

Floors

- Ground
- Ground floor





uBeac

Firmware

- JSON {} uBeac Multiple Devices
- JSON {} uBeac Multiple Sensors
- JSON {} uBeac Single Sensor
- JSON {} uBeac Custom JSON Gateway
- Ingics BLE WiFi Gateway iGS01
- Jaalee BT-Gateway
- BlueCats Edge Relay
- AB BLE Gateway V4
- MINEW BLE & WiFi Gateway - G1
- Ruuvi Station Application
- Beacon Scanner Application
- Data Collector Application

https://app.ubeac.io/devices/details/a038f06a-691a-4227-acb8-c1ef2bd5a1d0



- Vitor Silva
- Dashboards
- Buildings
- Gateways
- Devices
- Reports
- Documentation

DevTest

UID: 111111

- No Request LAST REQUEST
- 0 REQUESTS
- 1 SENSORS

Live Data



There is nothing!

Sensors

Temperature (1)

Data Simulator

Random

Please select Gateway

Temperature

Interval 5 Second

Min Range 0

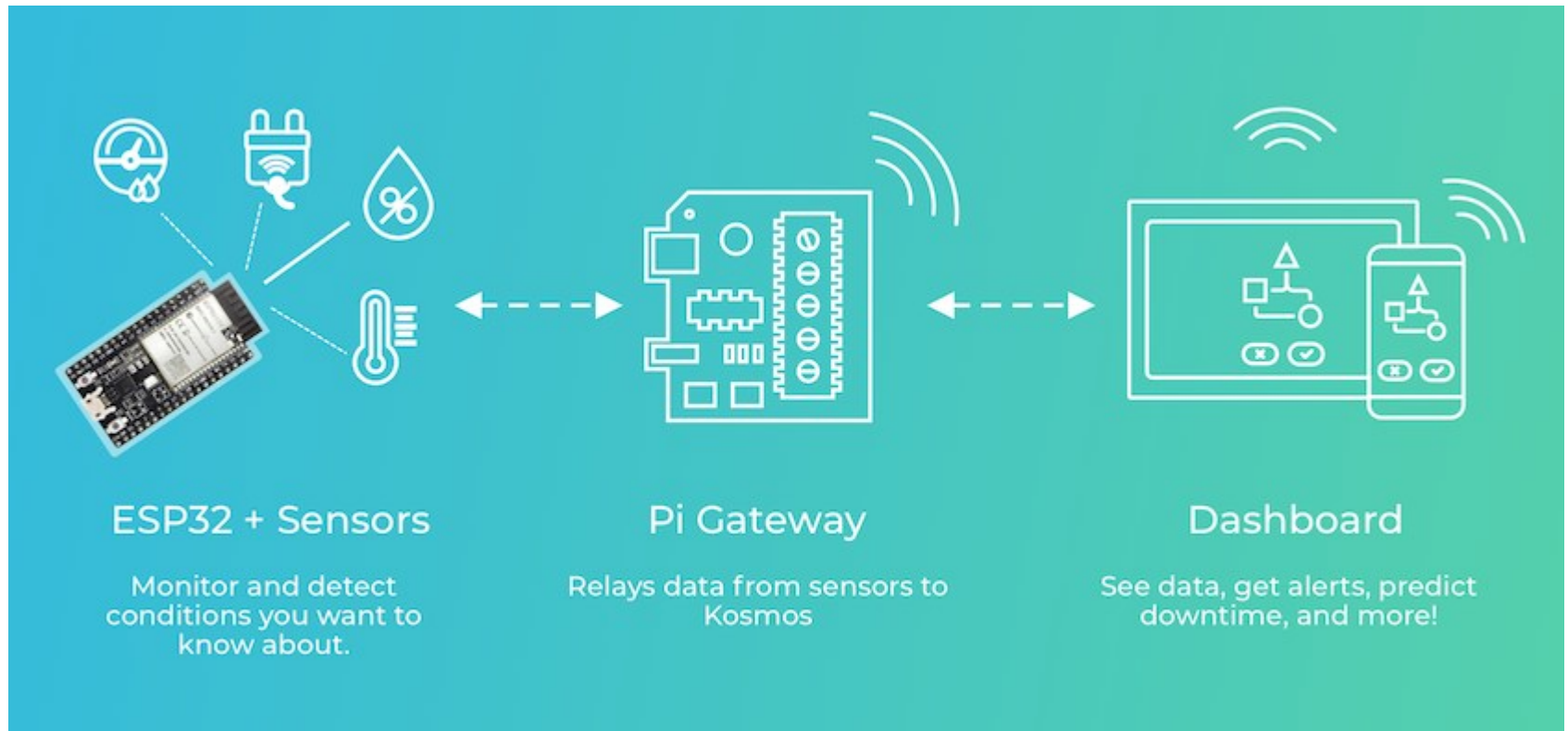
Max Range 1000

Start

Temboo - Kosmos

- Registration by email
- 5 steps to generate and download
 - gateway and device code
- Sensors and Actuators
- Alarms (and predictive)

Temboo - Kosmos



Get Started

Gateway

STEP 3

Sensors & Actuators

STEP 4

Data & Predictions

STEP 5

Create Application

What do you want to do?

**Build a New Connected Product**

Connect Existing Assets or Infrastructure

How will you connect your sensors and actuators to Kosmos?

**Edges Connect via Gateway**Direct Connection
(Coming Soon)Mesh Network
(Coming Soon)

CONFIRM

Temboo - Kosmos



Gateway

Gateway

STEP 3

Sensors & Actuators

STEP 4

Data & Predictions

STEP 5

Create Application

What type of gateway are you using?

**Raspberry Pi 3 Model B+**

WiFi & Ethernet



Other Gateways

(Coming Soon)

Where will your gateway be located?

Lisboa, Portugal

USE LAT/LONG

What's your gateway's name?

Kosmos Gateway

CONFIRM

Get Started Gateway **Sensors & Actuators** STEP 4 Data & Predictions STEP 5 Create Application

What type of edge device are you using?

ESP32

What would you like to name your edge device?

EdgeEsp32

Temboo - Kosmos

Get Started

Gateway

Sensors & Actuators

Data & Predictions

STEP 5
Create Application

Sensor Data Frequency ?

How often should your sensor data be evaluated for notifications?

Every 10 minutes

How often should sensor data be sent to your graphs?

Every 30 minutes

Do you want to save bandwidth by uploading sensor data in batches?

Once an hour

Anomaly Detection & Sensor Predictions

Predictions powered by machine learning are not available on Kosmos trials. [Contact us](#) for more information.

Want email or text alerts when Kosmos spots unusual events in your data? Yes No

Want to be notified when Kosmos predicts that your sensor rules will trigger? Yes No

CONFIRM



Get Started

Gateway

Sensors & Actuators

Data & Predictions

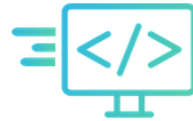
Create Application

What's your application's name?

icons2020

CREATE APPLICATION

Temboo - Kosmos



Voilà! Your Kosmos Application is ready.

We've automatically generated your Kosmos application and supporting files. Make sure to download both below.

Download Your Kosmos Application Files

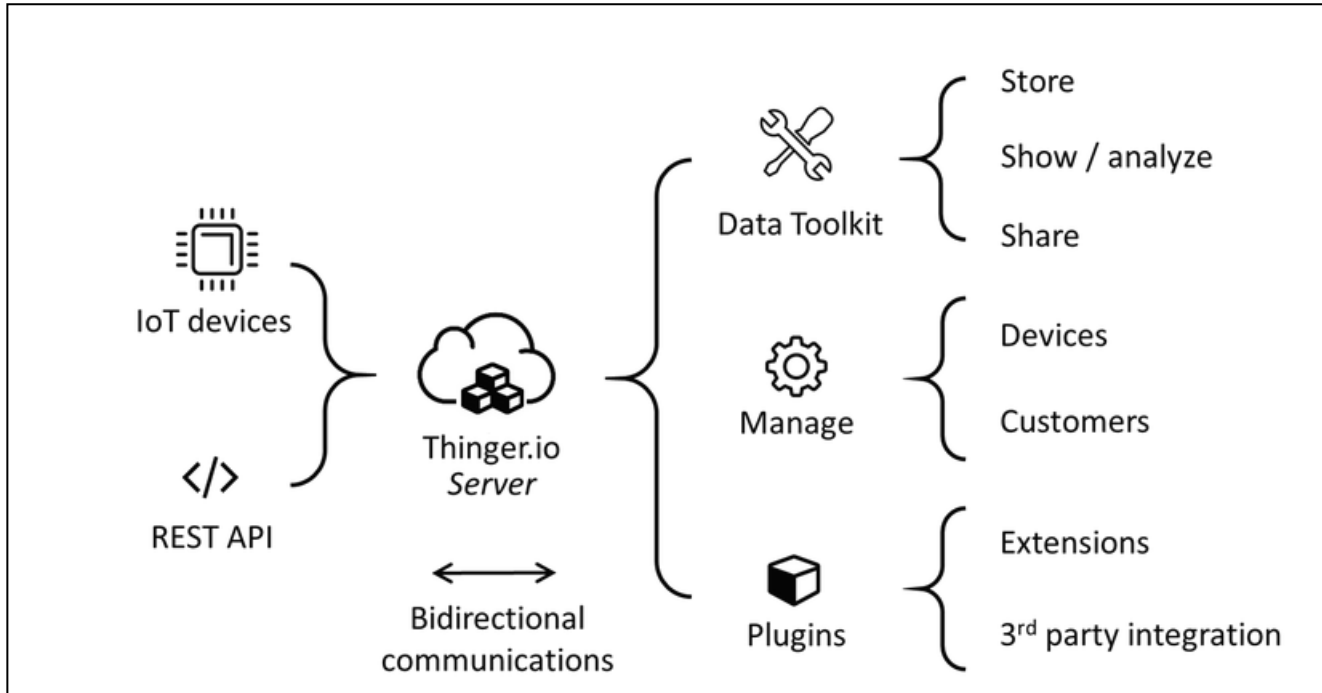
1 x Kosmos Gateway Image

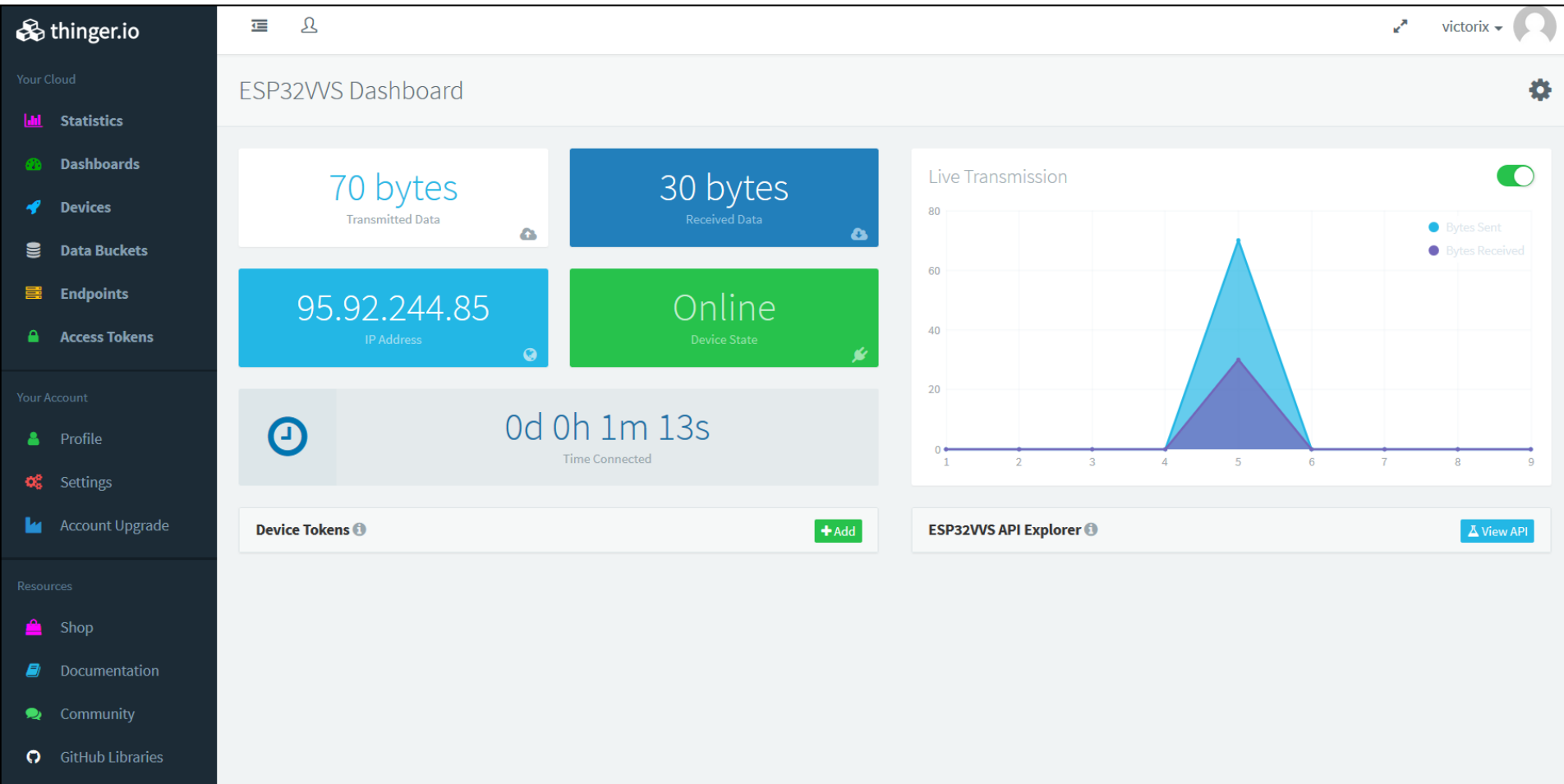
[Download](#) (304 MB)

1 x Kosmos Application Files

[Download](#) (32 KB)

Thinger





The screenshot shows the Thinger ESP32WVS Dashboard. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Your Cloud (Statistics, Dashboards, Devices, Data Buckets, Endpoints, Access Tokens), Your Account (Profile, Settings, Account Upgrade), and Resources (Shop, Documentation, Community, GitHub Libraries). The main content area is titled "ESP32WVS Dashboard" and includes a user profile "victorix".

Key dashboard metrics:

- 70 bytes Transmitted Data
- 30 bytes Received Data
- 95.92.244.85 IP Address
- Online Device State
- 0d 0h 1m 13s Time Connected

A "Live Transmission" graph shows data points for Bytes Sent (light blue) and Bytes Received (dark blue) over a 9-second period. The graph shows a peak at 5 seconds where Bytes Sent is approximately 70 and Bytes Received is approximately 30.

Additional features include "Device Tokens" (+ Add) and "ESP32WVS API Explorer" (View API).

```
#include <ThingerESP32.h>

#define USERNAME "victorix"
#define DEVICE_ID "esp32vvs"
#define DEVICE_CREDENTIAL "wx00bNb0Wv&%"

#define SSID "MySSID"
#define SSID_PASSWORD "MyPassword"

#define LED_BUILTIN 2
ThingerESP32 thing(USERNAME, DEVICE_ID, DEVICE_CREDENTIAL);

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  delay(4000); //Delay needed ....

  pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);

  thing.add_wifi(SSID, SSID_PASSWORD);

  // digital pin control example (i.e. turning on/off a light,
  // a relay, configuring a parameter, etc)
  thing["led"] << digitalPin(LED_BUILTIN);

  // resource output example (i.e. reading a sensor value)
  thing["millis"] >> outputValue(millis());

  // more details at http://docs.thinger.io/arduino/
  Serial.print("Setup Done");
}

void loop() {
  //Serial.print("."+String(millis()));
  thing.handle();
}
```

ESP32WS API

led - Private

Resource Input

Boolean



Options

>_ Run

👁 Show query

millis - Private

Resource Output

Number

216963



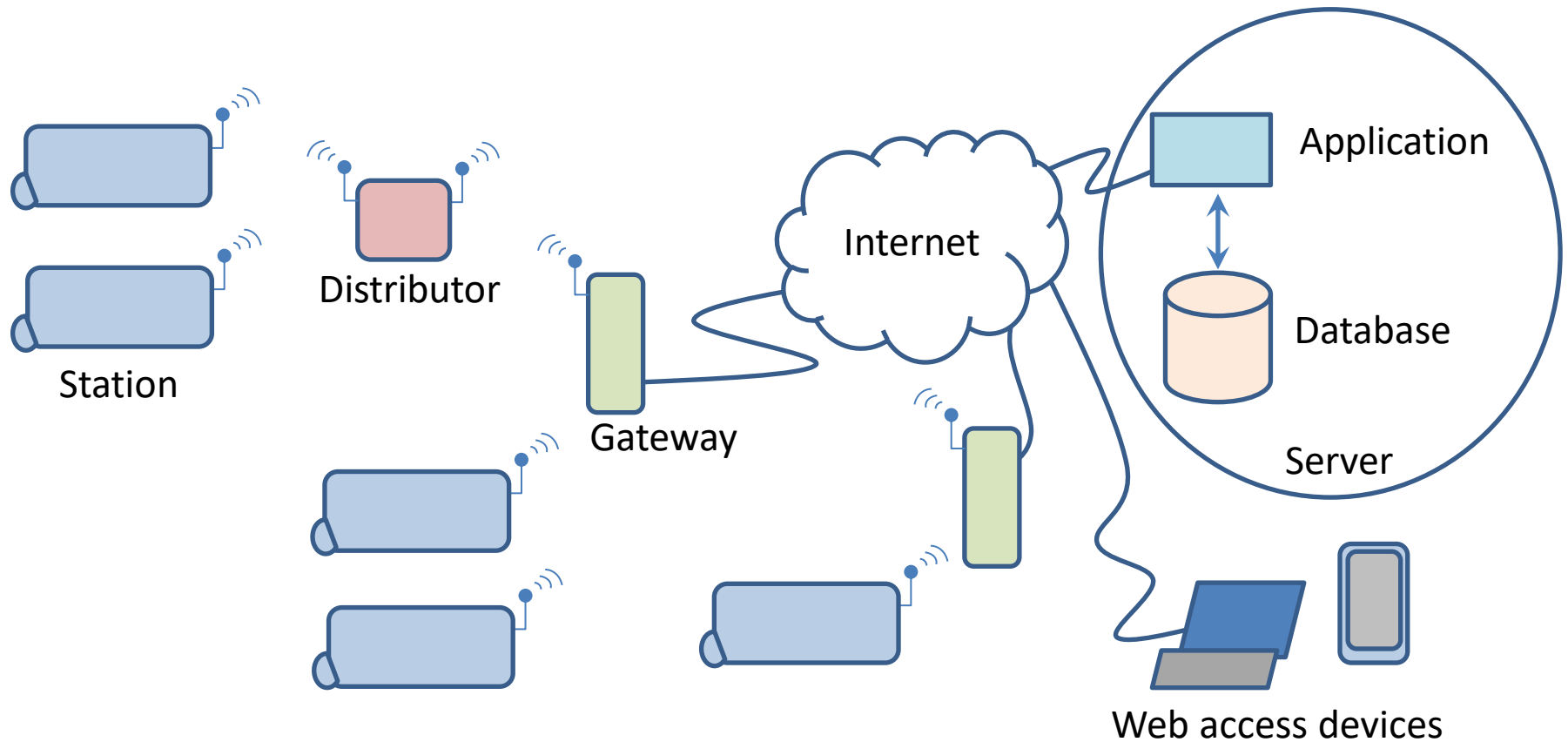
Options

>_ Run

👁 Show query



BlueLab IoT





BlueLab IoT



- Register by e-mail or phone
- A user can have
 - stations
 - sensors
 - actuators
 - data is sent from the station to the system
 - the system does not (*yet*) act upon the actuators
 - profiles
 - for station authentication in the system
 - different stations can have the same profile



BlueLab IoT



- Station
 - communicates by WiFi
 - protocol https
 - can send alarms (e-mail or sms, ... profile dependent)
 - unique id given by the system (*function of a physical unique id ex: MAC address*)
 - *Hardware used ESP8266, ESP32 (C++ code)*



BlueLab IoT



station	
123 station_id	int4 NOT NULL
ABC mac	varchar(255)
ABC name	text
123 lat	float8
123 lon	float8
123 alt	float8
ABC obs	text
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> del	bool
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> del_entries	bool

entry	
123 seq_num	int4 NOT NULL
123 station_id	int4 NOT NULL
ABC kkey	varchar(100) NOT NULL
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> t_stamp	timestamp
ABC vvalue	varchar(100)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> db_t_stamp	timestamp



- Data

- stored as a pair (key, value) that belongs to a station
- has a sequence number (*starts with 1*)
- has a device/sensor timestamp
- has a database timestamp
- *Errors and other information can also be sent as a key, value pair*
- *Users can delete data.*
- *Data cannot be edited*
- *All data are Strings*
 - *waists space*
 - *easy to write/read – the context is with the sensor*



BlueLab IoT



Two different sensors in the same station with **different sample rates**, and their **values are buffered and then sent together**

Seq num	s1	s2	Database timestamp
N	Val1_1 Stime1_1	Val2_1 Stime2_1	Tstamp_N
N+1	Val1_2 Stime1_2	Val2_2 Stime2_2	Tstamp_N
N+2		Val2_3 Stime2_3	Tstamp_N
N+3		Val2_4 Stime2_4	Tstamp_N
N+4			

Two different sensors in the same station with **different sample rates**, and their **values are sent after sampling**

Seq num	s1	s2	Database timestamp
N		Val2_1 Stime2_1	Tstamp_N
N+1		Val2_2 Stime2_2	Tstamp_N_1
N+2	Val1_1 Stime1_1		Tstamp_N_2
N+3		Val2_3 Stime2_3	Tstamp_N_3
N+4		Val2_4 Stime2_4	Tstamp_N_4



BlueLab IoT



Two different sensors in the same station with **equal sample rates**, and their **values are buffered and then sent together**

Seq num	s1	s2	Database timestamp
N	Val1_1 Stime1_1	Val2_1 Stime2_1	Tstamp_N
N+1	Val1_2 Stime1_2	Val2_2 Stime2_2	Tstamp_N
N+2			

Two different sensors in the same station with **equal sample rates**, and their values are **sent together after sampling**

Seq num	s1	s2	Database timestamp
N	Val1_1 Stime1_1	Val2_1 Stime2_1	Tstamp_N
N+1	Val1_2 Stime1_2	Val2_2 Stime2_2	Tstamp_N_1
N+2			



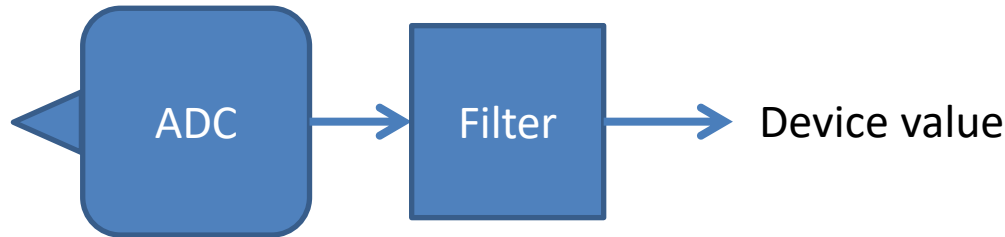
BlueLab IoT



- Data - Parameters
 - stored as a pair (key, value) that belongs to a station
 - has a sequence number *always 0*
 - has a device/sensor timestamp (if the station stored it)
 - has a database timestamp
 - used for additional information of the sensor (key)
 - Special parameters: **#key_ followed by 0:n | U | O | S**
 - 0:n – $x^{0:n}$, U – units, O – offset, S – scale
 - >float, <float – clamp values



BlueLab IoT – Data parameters



- Sensor value $x = \text{Offset} + \text{Scale} * \text{device value}$
- *(this transformation may be necessary for example due to the ADC range, in volts and in bits)*
- Sensor parameters $a^n x^n, n \in R$
- *(these parameters may be necessary due to the non linear response of the sensor)*
- Data parameters do not change the stored data values



BlueLab IoT – Data parameters



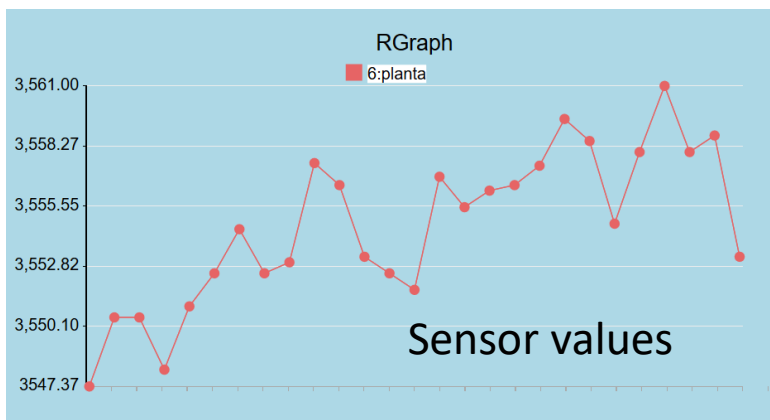
- Moisture sensor SEN0193 (*Reference 16*)
- $\theta = 13.248 - 2.576 \cdot 10^{-3}x + 1.726 \cdot 10^{-7}x^2 - 3.839 \cdot 10^{-12}x^3$

Station id	6
Seq number	0
timeStamp	Mon Feb 17 2020 09:29:14 GMT+0000 (Western European Sta
key	#planta_3
value	-3.839e-12
<input type="button" value="Insert"/>	

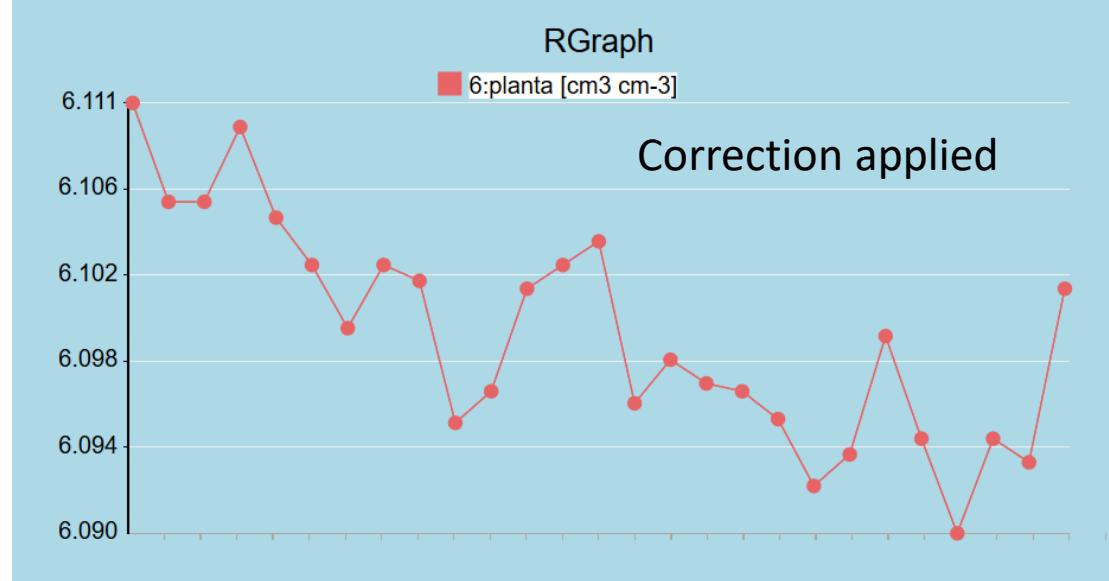


Station:Parameter	Value
1:#bat_1	0.00645
2:#bat_1	0.00645
2:#bat_U	V
2:#humi_-1	1024
2:#humi_U	rH%
4:#bat_1	0.006445
4:#humi_-1	1024
5:#bat_1	0.006445
5:#humi_-1	1024
6:#planta_0	13.248
6:#planta_1	-2.576e-3
6:#planta_2	1.726e-7
6:#planta_3	-3.839e-12

- x - Sensor value [raw counts]
- θ - Volumetric water content [$\text{cm}^3 \text{cm}^{-3}$]



Air – Sensor is surrounded by air



Values are stored in the database as they are read from the sensors;
can be viewed and downloaded

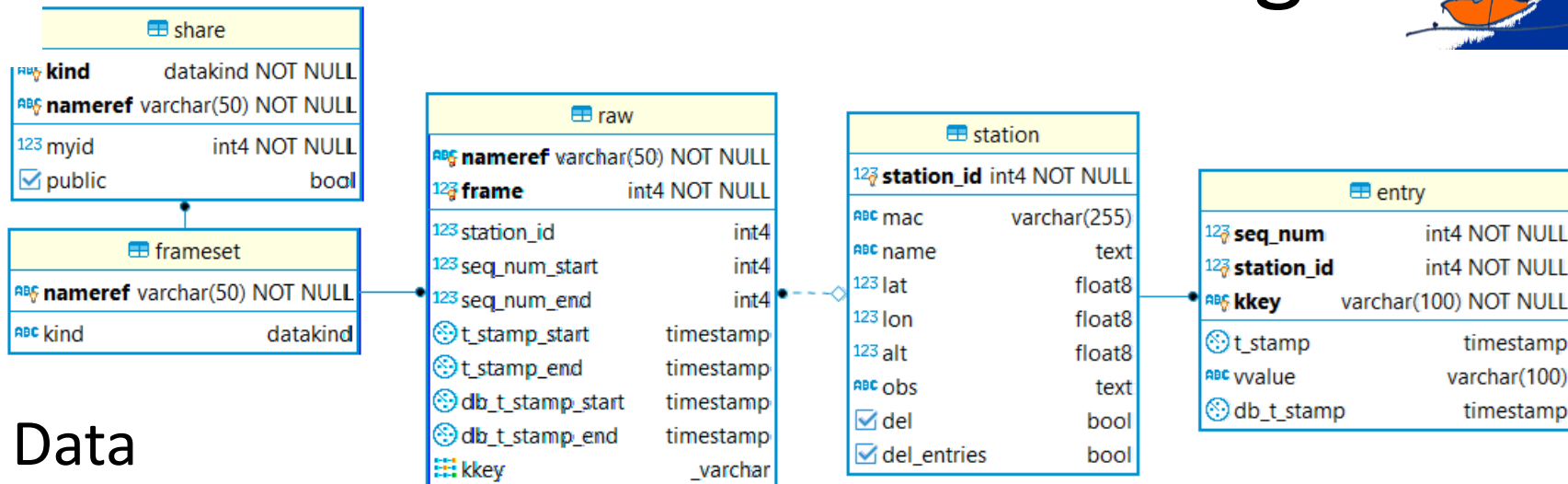
Sensor parameters can be viewed, downloaded and changed

(presently they have the timestamp of the calibration; in future, calibration history will be added to account for sensor decay and correctly apply the parameters to the data)

Calibration corrections are applied for viewing, and processing



BlueLab IoT – Data Sharing



- **Data**

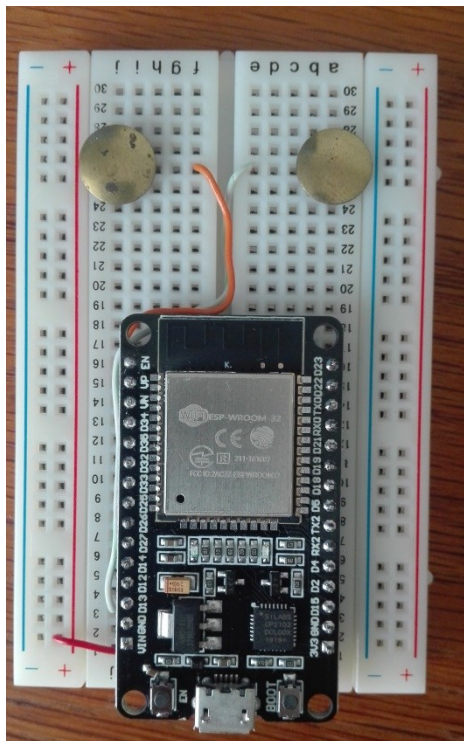
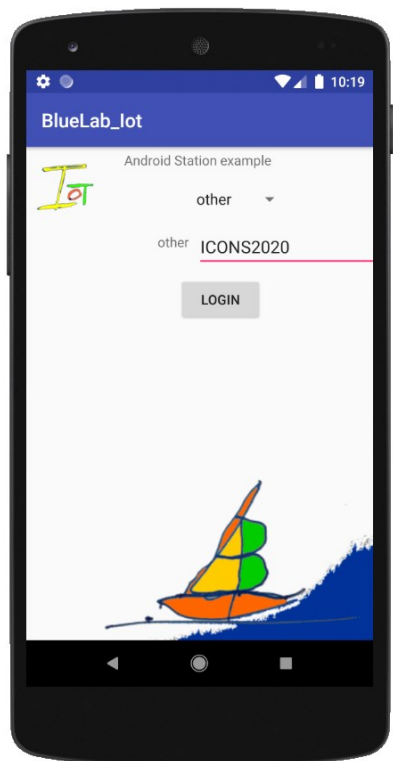
- Can be classified as raw (frames)
- A frameset is a set of raw data (frames)
- Framesets can be shared (*among projects of the user – not yet done*)
- Shared framesets can be public – shared with all users
- There is no data duplication (*only database table views*)
- *Data parameters are shared as well*



BlueLab - IoT

Login Menu

BlueLab



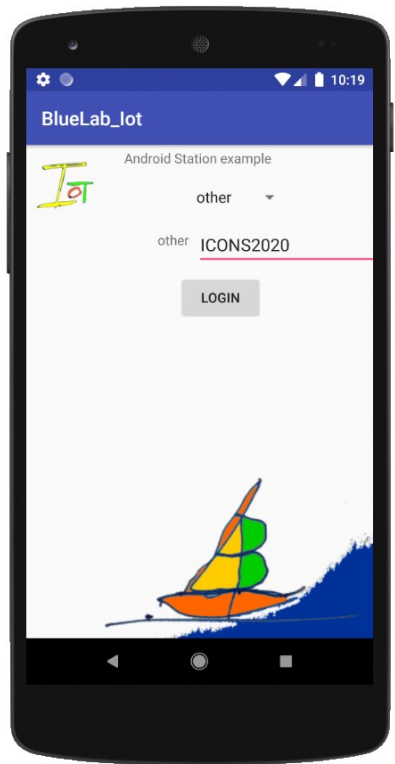
<https://bluelab.pt/iot>

Live examples

github.com/tektionia/bluelab_iot



Web interface for the user

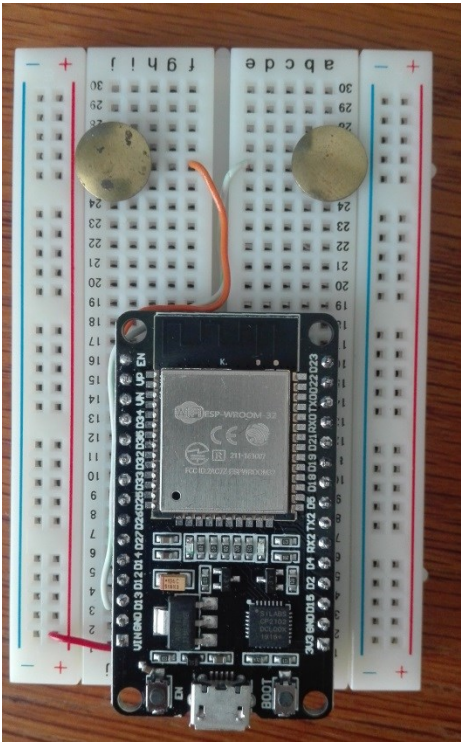


Example of a station – Android App

- Light sensor
- GPS sensor

Example of a station – ESP32

- ADC sensor





BlueLab IoT



Login Menu

- E-mail
- Phone
- Auto
- Other
- Guest
- New account
- New password

Login

email

Password

Complete all fields

Phone

+351

Password

Complete all fields

Profile access

Auto Token

Complete all fields

Other Token

Demo

Login

Guest Login

Recover Password

New Password:

Confirm password:

Phone +351

Complete all fields

New Password:

Confirm password:

E-mail

Complete all fields



BlueLab IoT

<https://bluelab.pt/iot>

Login Menu

- E-mail
- Phone
- Auto
- Other
- Guest
- New account
- New password

Name:

Password:

Confirm password:

Phone

Complete fields

Name:

Password:

Confirm password:

E-mail

Complete fields

Create Account

1st Step



BlueLab IoT



Profile Access – Is a direct login token that does not need password

- Preferably used in each station for accessing the system
- More than one station can have the same profile
- Each station has a unique identifier (ex: MAC address)
- Reduced privileges; used for storing data
 - does not allow deletion or data sharing
- Created by a login (email or phone) with full privileges

Unique in the system

Other – is for ease of use

New Profile

2nd Step

Environment Profile Show Data Frame Set Alarm Test Exit

New Profile

name

tipo Other ▾

new profile

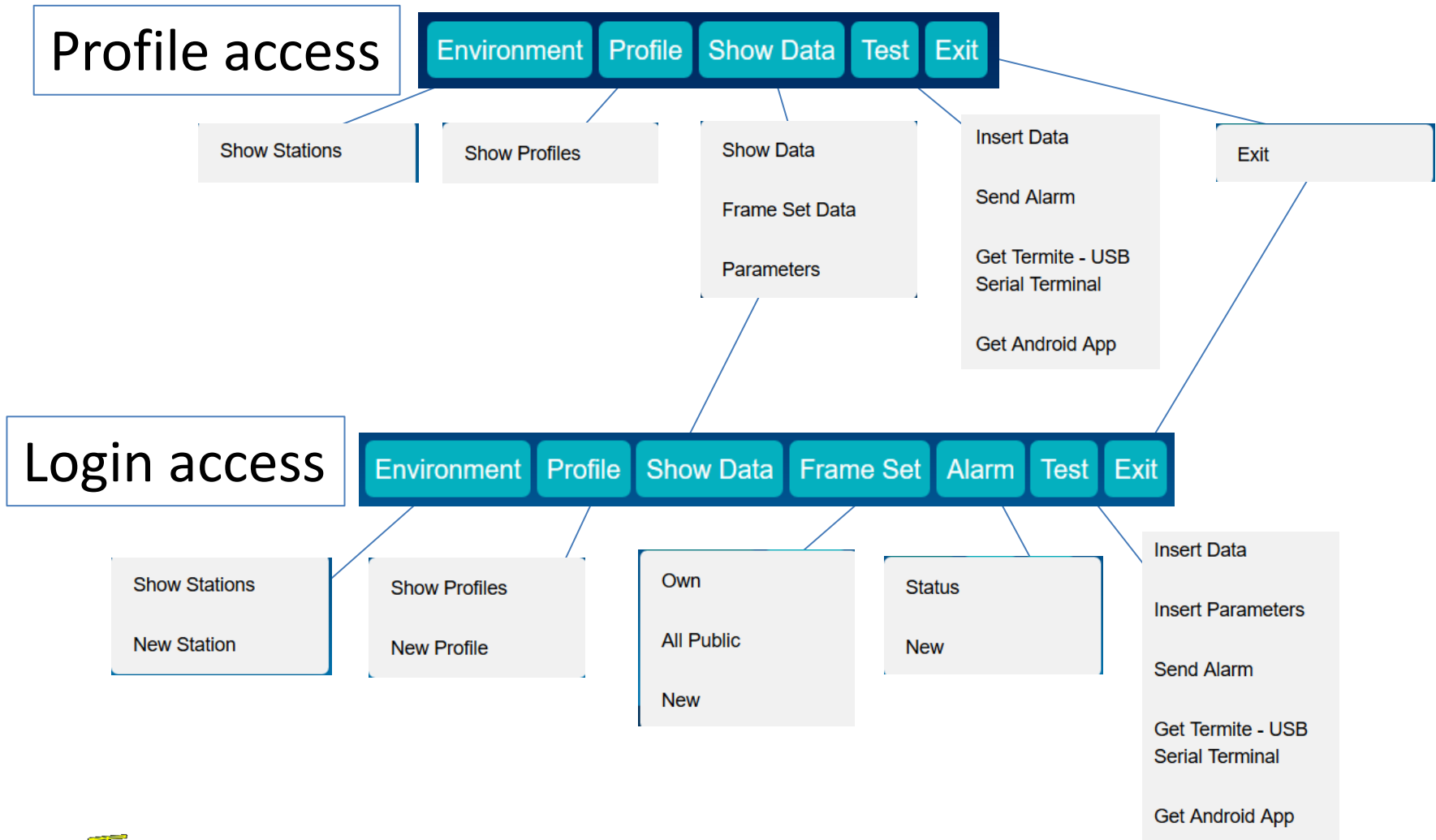
your password

Complete all fields



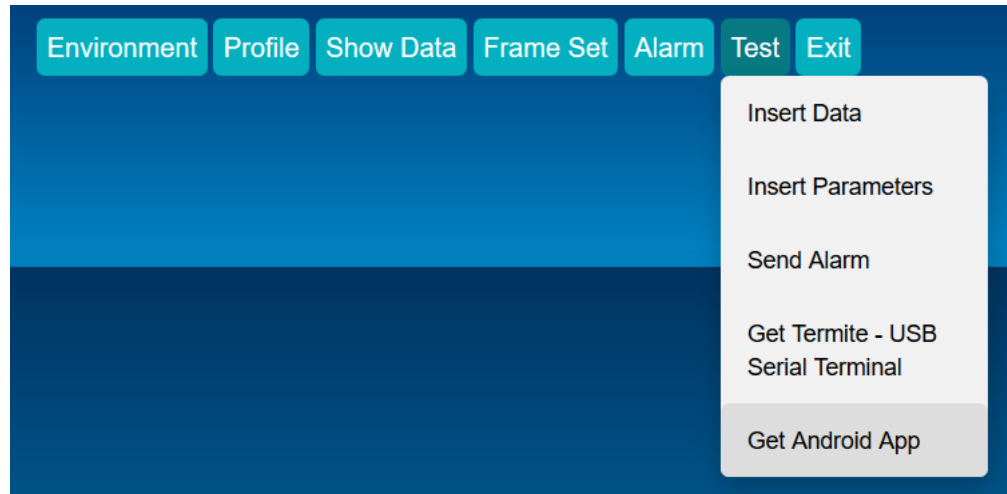
BlueLab IoT

Menu differences





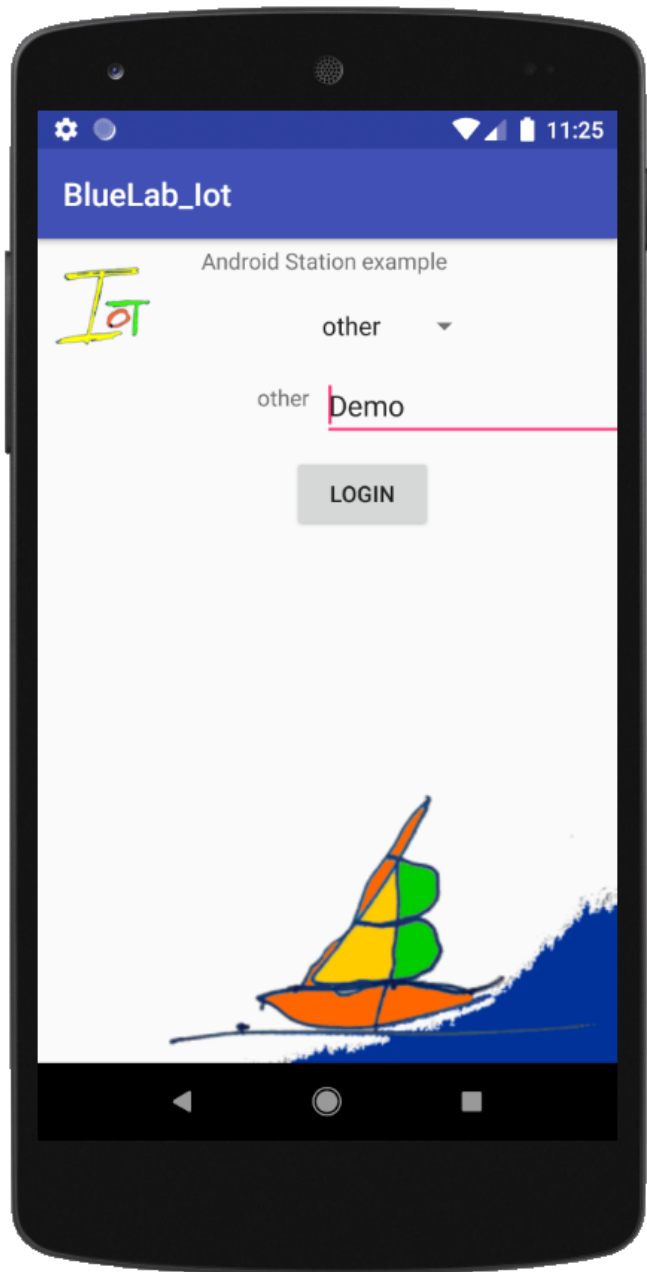
BlueLab IoT



Get Android App

3rd Step

The *Android App* is a Station – it uses the light sensor, and the GPS sensor



Demo – is a (*Other*) Profile

1 - First use *other* Demo

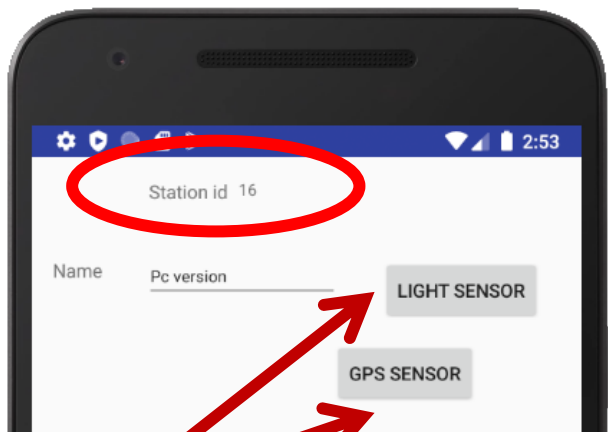
2 - Then use the *other* Profile you created



Station Name

Creates/activates the station in the system
(if the station exists the button will not show up)

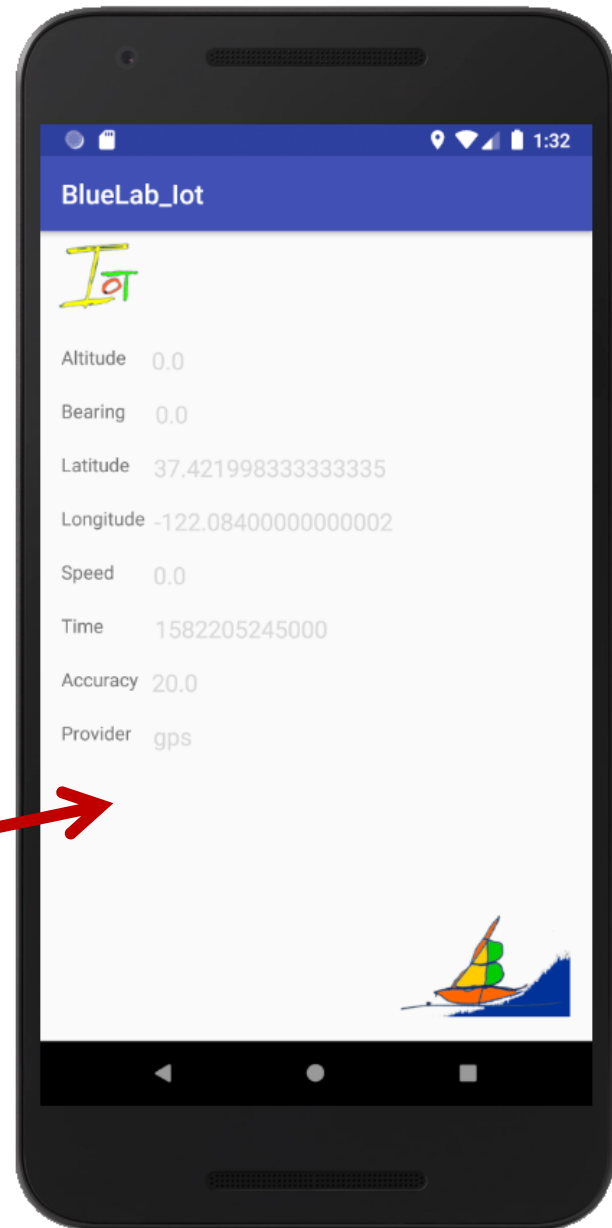
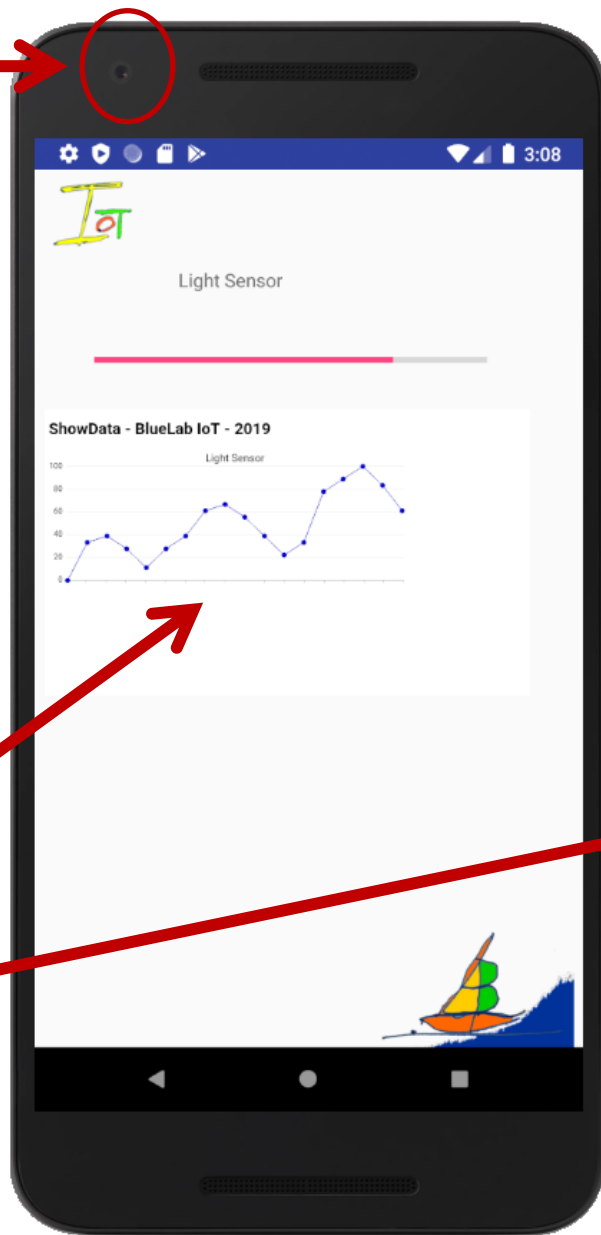
Light sensor



Two exclusive sensors

The graph is refreshed every 10 samples

BlueLab application must have location permit and GPS on to work as a GPS sensor



Environment Profile Show Data Frame Set Alarm Test Exit

All Stations and Keys

From 20/02/2020 00:00
To 20/02/2020 23:59

Database timestamp Device timestamp

Station: 4, 5, 6, 16
Selected station Keys: lux
Add to non Public FrameSet

GetData

Accessing the light sensor data through the user interface

Line Graph

Y1: 16:lux (19)

Dots and Lines Absolute XY Sensor Values DrawGraph

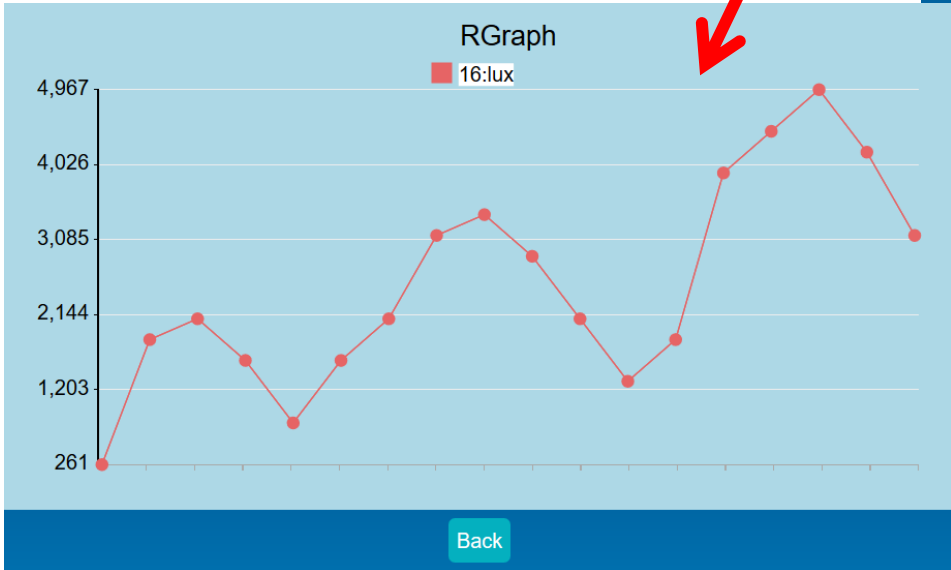
Back

Data representation

Data Available from Station : Key(len) 16:lux (19) Download Delete

Number of Y lines 1

Back ScatterGraph Map



Station;	Sequence;	DB Timestamp;	Timestamp;	key;	value
16;	1;	2020-02-20 14:55:44.053171;	2020-02-20 14:55:42.466442;	lux;	261.4
16;	2;	2020-02-20 14:55:44.256685;	2020-02-20 14:55:42.667047;	lux;	1830.1
16;	3;	2020-02-20 14:55:44.655435;	2020-02-20 14:55:43.069886;	lux;	2091.5
16;	4;	2020-02-20 14:55:44.926323;	2020-02-20 14:55:43.270425;	lux;	1568.6
16;	5;	2020-02-20 14:55:45.851666;	2020-02-20 14:55:44.27353;	lux;	784.3
16;	6;	2020-02-20 14:55:46.863138;	2020-02-20 14:55:45.275244;	lux;	1568.6
16;	7;	2020-02-20 14:55:47.055202;	2020-02-20 14:55:45.476049;	lux;	2091.5
16;	8;	2020-02-20 14:55:47.264;	2020-02-20 14:55:45.677337;	lux;	3137.3
16;	9;	2020-02-20 14:55:47.495075;	2020-02-20 14:55:45.875548;	lux;	3398.7
16;	10;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.468083;	2020-02-20 14:55:46.878141;	lux;	2875.8
16;	11;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.671224;	2020-02-20 14:55:47.079157;	lux;	2091.5
16;	12;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.87234;	2020-02-20 14:55:47.279901;	lux;	1307.2
16;	13;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.082462;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.083158;	lux;	1830.1
16;	14;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.267729;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.688466;	lux;	3921.6
16;	15;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.473015;	2020-02-20 14:55:48.883658;	lux;	4444.4
16;	16;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.665643;	2020-02-20 14:55:49.080783;	lux;	4967.3
16;	17;	2020-02-20 14:55:52.063593;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.481718;	lux;	4183.0
16;	18;	2020-02-20 14:55:52.258649;	2020-02-20 14:55:50.683075;	lux;	3137.3
16;	19;	2020-02-20 15:08:13.982742;	2020-02-20 15:08:12.381435;	lux;	3137.3

CSV format



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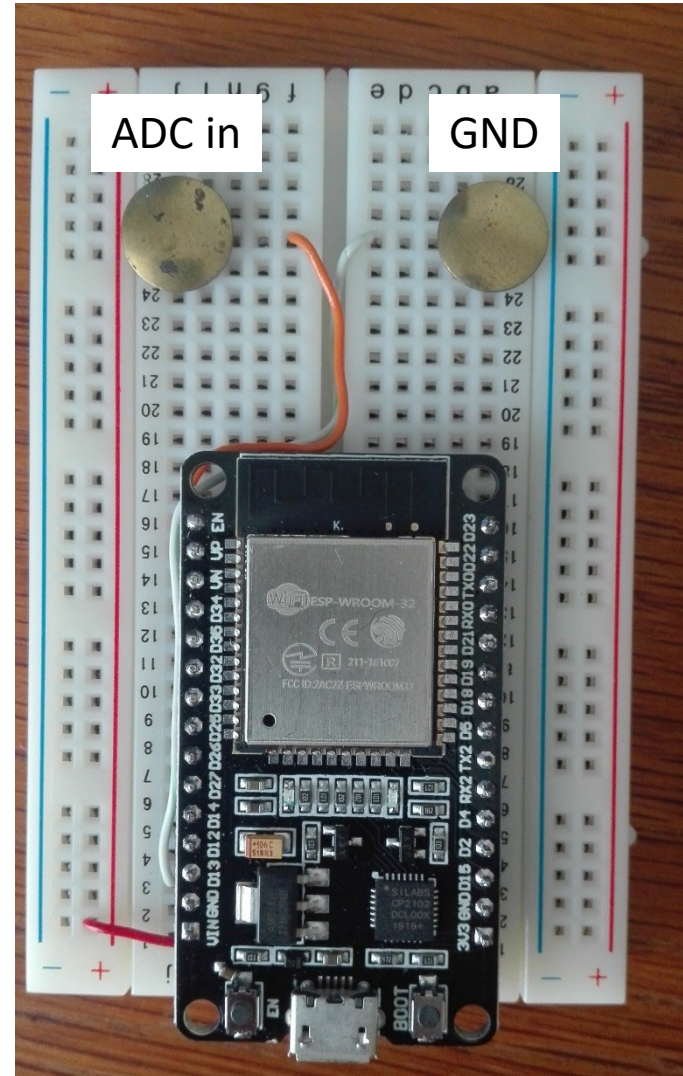
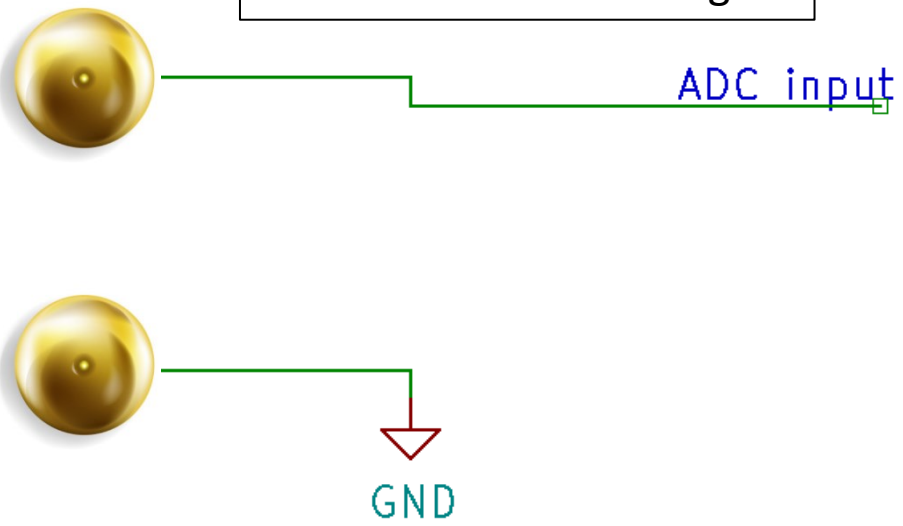


Connect USB cable to Station
Use terminal Termite (or equivalent)

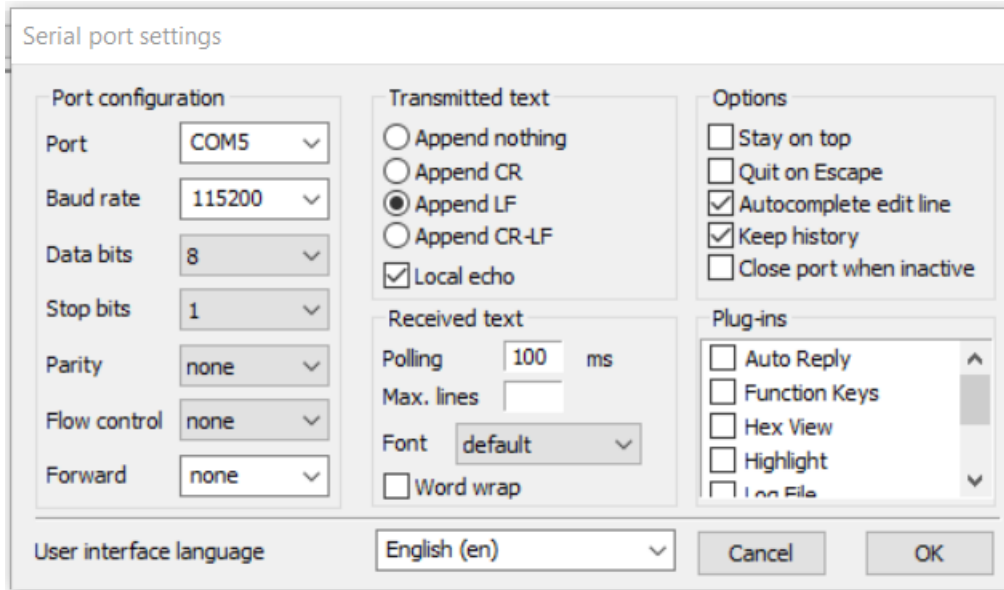
Current Configuration

```
> s
Module Satus
UserContactType: #0#
UserContact: #ICONS2020#
UserPassword: ##
SSID: #my_ssid#
SSID_PWD: #my_ssid_password#
Module Name: #ESP32-6#
```

Touch contacts with fingers



Termite port configuration

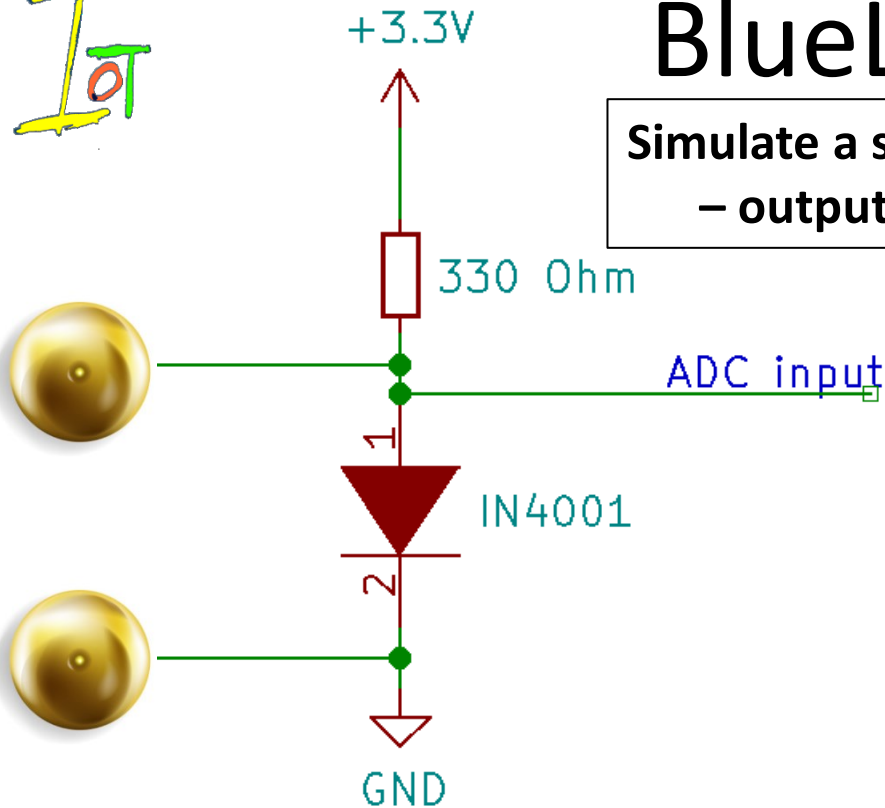


To access text written by the station program on the serial interface



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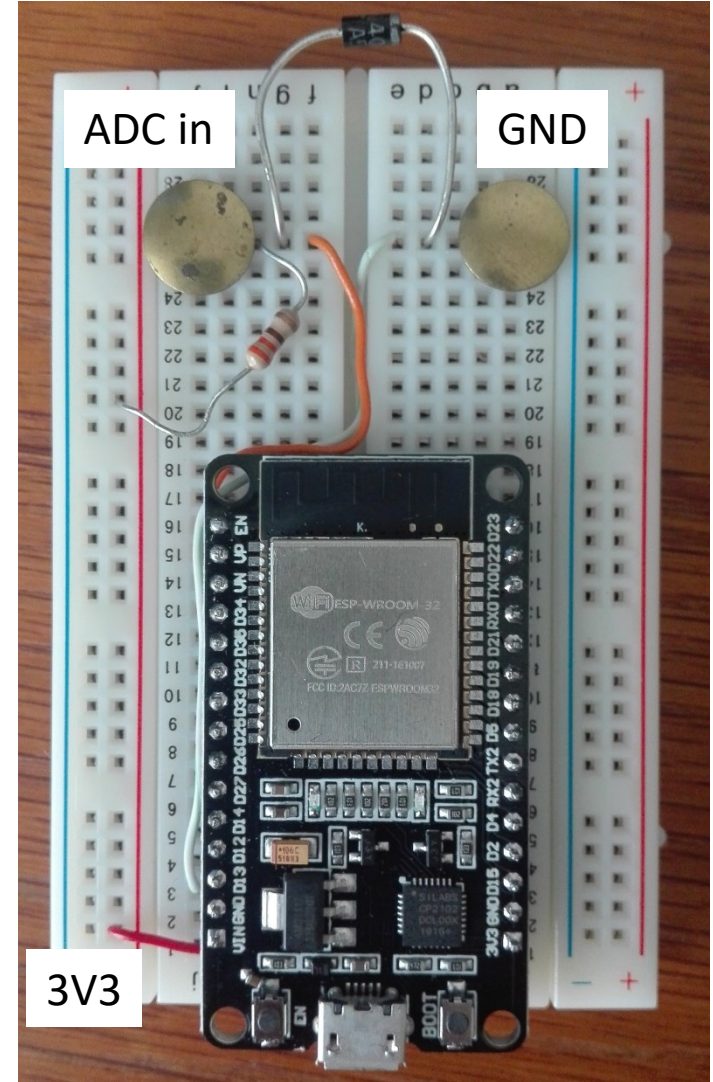
Simulate a sensor
– output = 0.68 V



ESP8266 dev kit – (ADC – 10 bits -> 0-1023)

ESP32 dev kit – (ADC – 12 bits -> 0-4095)

- 1 - Add data parameters to correct sensor values
- 2 - Create frameset and share to public
- 3 - All public data graphs of the sensor should show values close to 0.68V





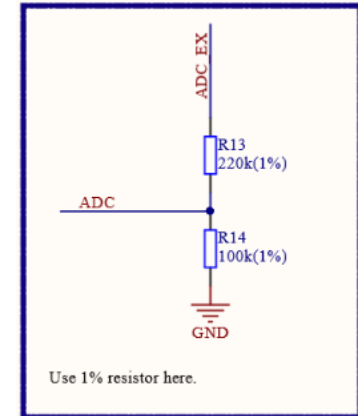
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ESP8266 – voltage Ref 1V

- Resolution 10 bits
- Voltage divider 0.3125 attenuation of 3.2
- Value = $(3.2 * 1) * \text{adc_in} / 1023 = 3.13\text{e-}3 * \text{adc_in}$

Voltage divider of
the development
kit ESP8266



ESP32 – voltage ref 1.1V

- Default Resolution 12 bits
- Default attenuation of 11dB (3.548)
- Value = $(3.548 * 1.1) * \text{adc_in} / 4095 = 0.967\text{e-}3 * \text{adc_in}$



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Parameters

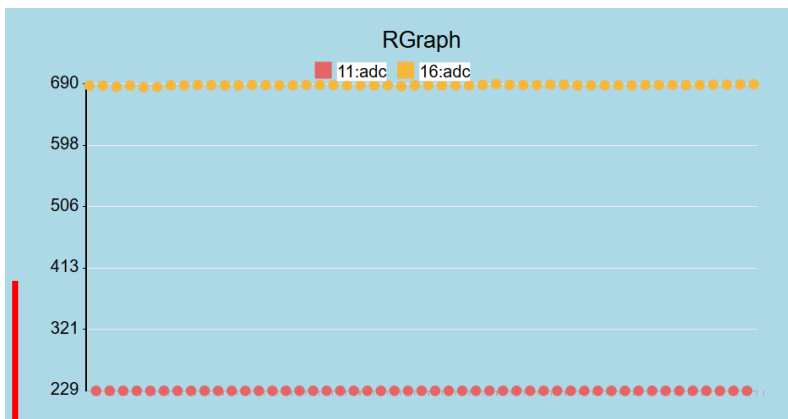
Delete	Station:Parameter	Value	t_stamp	db_t_stamp
Del	11:#adc_1	3.13e-3	2020-02-21 13:48:39	2020-02-21 13:49:09
Del	11:#adc_U	V	2020-02-21 14:45:58	2020-02-21 14:46:12
Del	16:#adc_1	0.967e-3	2020-02-21 13:49:10	2020-02-21 13:49:38
Del	16:#adc_U	V	2020-02-21 14:46:12	2020-02-21 14:46:17

Insert Parameter

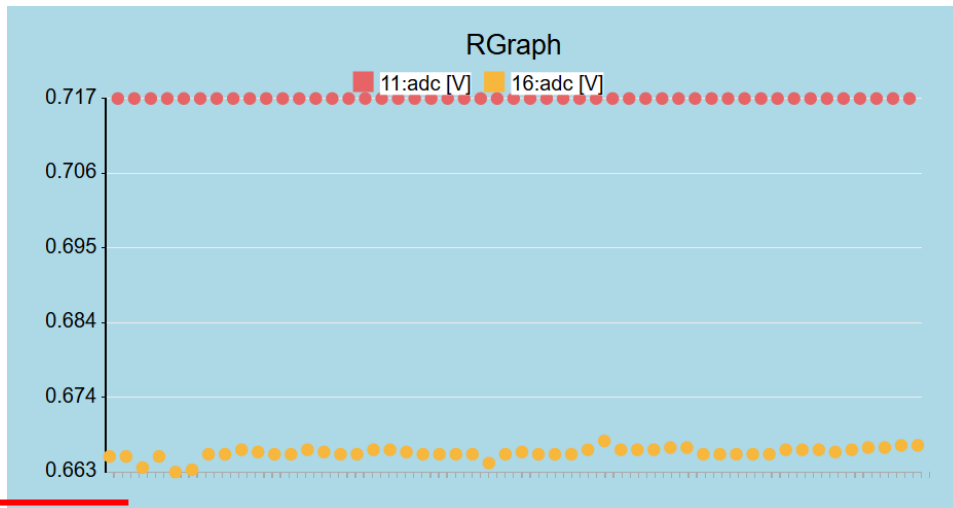
Station id: 16
Seq number: 0
timeStamp: Fri Feb 21 2020 14:43:25 GMT+0000 (Western European Stand...)
key: #adc_1
value: 0.967e-3
Insert

ESP8266

ESP32



ADC reading



Corrected for voltage



BlueLab IoT - FrameSets



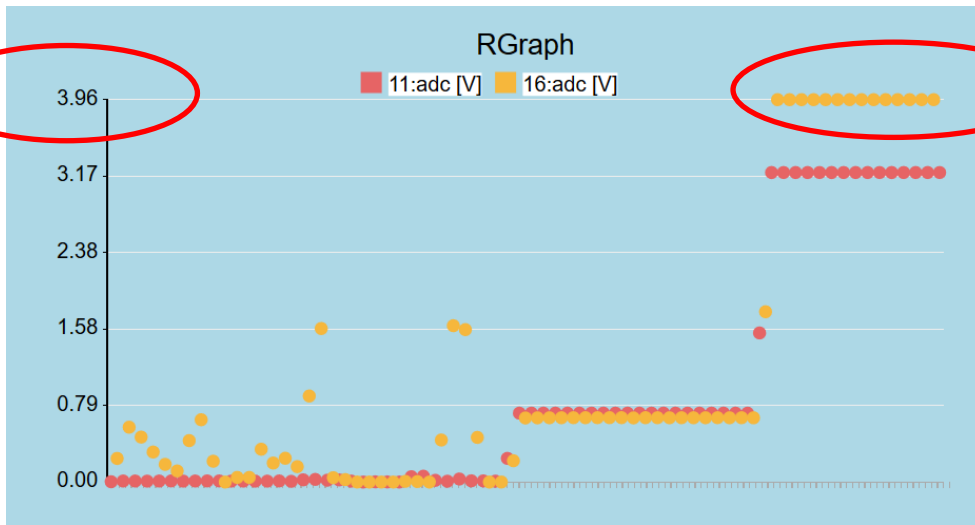
ESP32

When VDD_A is 3.3 V:

- 0 dB attenuation gives full-scale voltage 1.1 V (100 and 950 mV)
- 2.5 dB attenuation gives full-scale voltage 1.5 V (100 and 1250 mV)
- 6 dB attenuation gives full-scale voltage 2.2 V (150 to 1750 mV)
- 11 dB attenuation gives full-scale voltage 3.9 V (150 to 2450 mV)

*At 11 dB attenuation the maximum voltage is limited by VDD_A,
not the full scale voltage.*

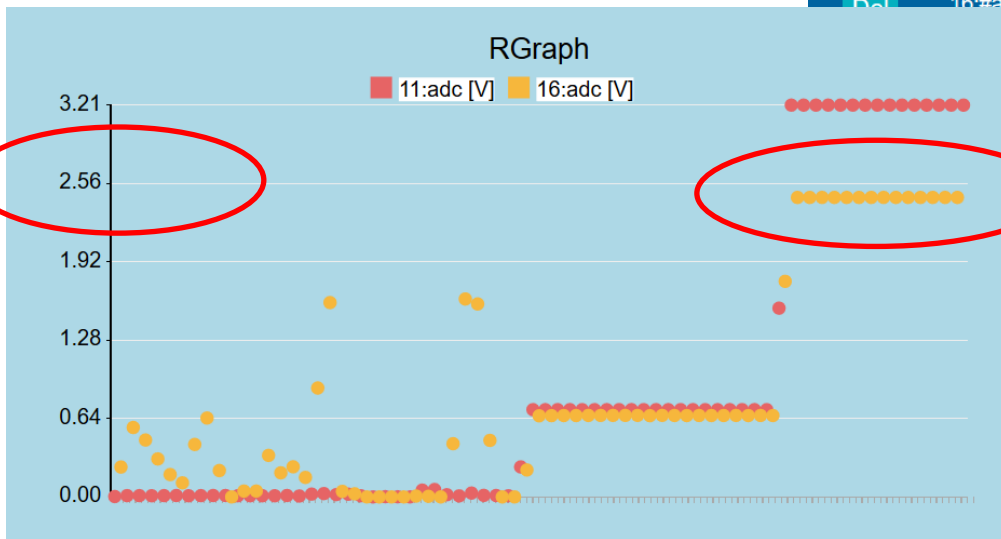
(see literature; readings are not linear above 2450mV)



Does not make sense as the maximum is 2.45 V

Parameters

Parameter	Value	t_stamp	db_t_stamp
11:#adc_1	3.13e-3	2020-02-21 13:48:39	2020-02-21 13:49:09
Del 11:#adc_U	V	2020-02-21 14:45:58	2020-02-21 14:46:12
Del 16:#adc_1	0.967e-3	2020-02-21 13:49:10	2020-02-21 13:49:38
Del 16:#adc_>2450e-3	2.45	2020-02-22 11:20:33	2020-02-22 11:20:39
Del 16:#adc_U	V	2020-02-21 14:46:12	2020-02-21 14:46:17



Correct

Key	Value
0...n	A_n of x^n
U	Units
O	Offset
S	Scale
>value	Max value
<value	Min value

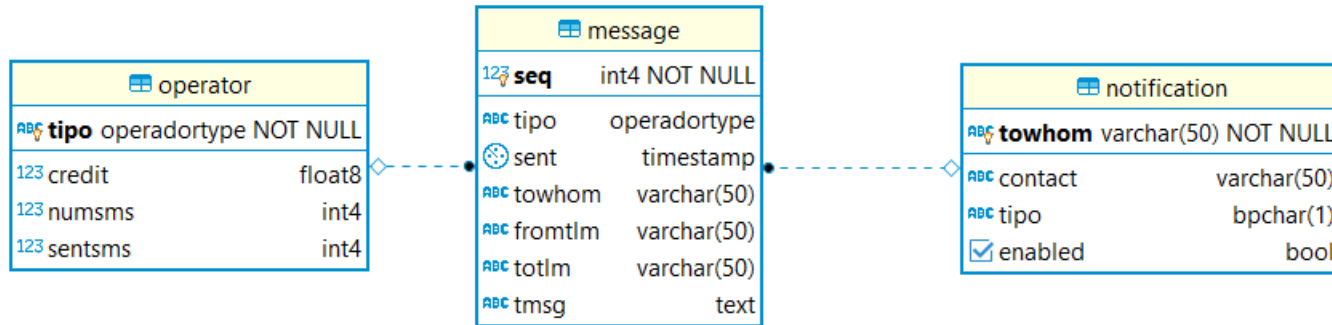
IoT BlueLab IoT – Shared FrameSets

Partner	Kind	Nameref	Shared	Public	Data
own	RAW	Diode	true	true	show
d1362574	RAW	SEN0193_Air	true	true	show
d1362574	RAW	SEN0193_Water	true	true	show
d1362574	RAW	SEN0193_Earth	true	true	show
d6042584	RAW	Arrábida	true	true	show

Similar to
Previous example



BlueLab IoT



Alarm service structure

A station may send alarms that are sent by e-mail or phone to the user

There is a minimum time between consecutive alarms

The user can enable or disable the sending of alarms



Silicon Labs Xtensa 32-bit LX6 microprocessor

2 cores (ESP32-S0WD only one) 240 MHz

Ultra low power co-processor: Allows ADC conversions, computation while in deep sleep.

Wi-Fi: 802.11 b/g/n/e/i (802.11n @ 2.4 GHz up to 150 Mbit/s)

Bluetooth: v4.2 BR/EDR and Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)

Internal memory: ROM: 448 KB, SRAM: 520 KB, RTC fast SRAM: 8 KB, slow : 8 KB, eFuse: 1Kbit

External flash & SRAM: up to 4 x 16MB

Rich peripheral interface with DMA, capacitive touch, ADCs, DACs, I²C , CAN 2.0, SPI, I²S, RMII,

PWM

IEEE 802.11 standard security

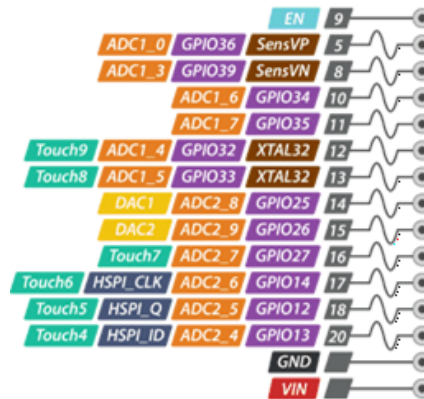
WPA, WPA/WPA2 and WAPI

Secure boot

Flash encryption

1024-bit OTP, up to 768-bit for cu

Cryptographic hardware acceleration: AES, SHA-2, RSA, ECC, RNG



Built-in low power 32-bit MCU @ 80MHz

512kB Flash Memory

Power Supply: +3.3V only

Current Consumption: 100mA

I/O Voltage: 3.6V (max)

I/O source current: 12mA (max)

Supports Deep sleep (<10uA)

UART TX / UART RX 1200-115200

802.11 b / g / n wireless standards;

Serial WiFi transmission rate: 110-460800bps

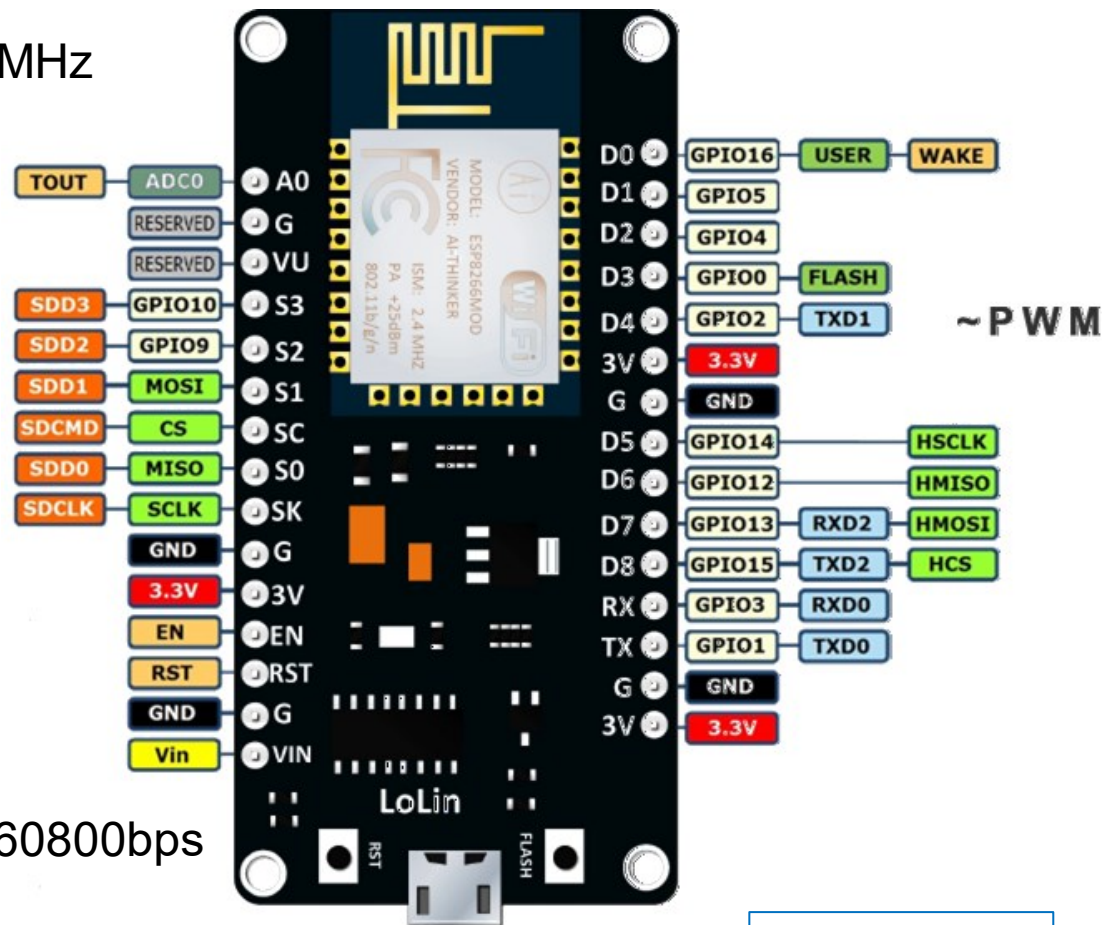
WiFi operation current:

continuous transmission operation: $\approx 70\text{mA}$ (200mA MAX)

idle mode: <200uA;

Can be used as Station or Access Point or both combined

TCP / IP protocol stack, One socket - Standard TCP / UDP Server and Client;



ESP8266

Future

- Cron job for data maintenance, clean delete, compression of old unshared data
- Improve data parameter for sensor calibration history
- Add data processing for level P1 (processed data)
- Allow sharing to restricted group of users
- Allow user to use its own database
- Use other Hardware ex:Thingy:52
- Improve Site
- Different graph types
- Develop Distributor
- Clean code
- Add BlueLab IoT to Arduino Library Manager

References

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BlueLab IoT



Thank you



Magoito – Sintra